

## Hierarchically Structured rGO/MoS<sub>2</sub> Flexible Films via Facile Synthesis for High Performance K-Ion Supercapacitors

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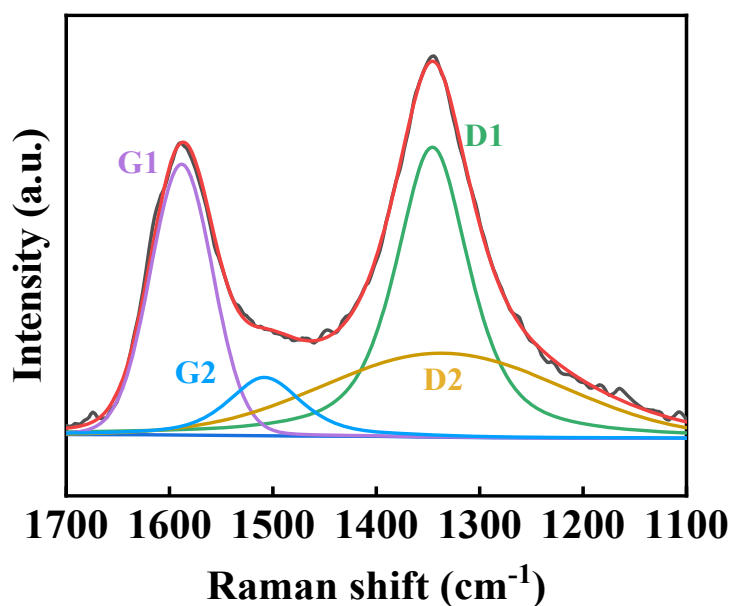


Figure S1. Raman spectrum of rGO film.

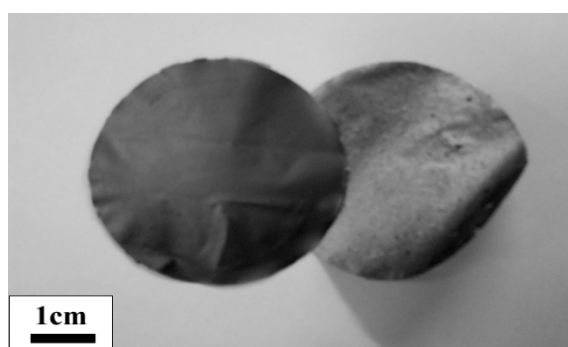
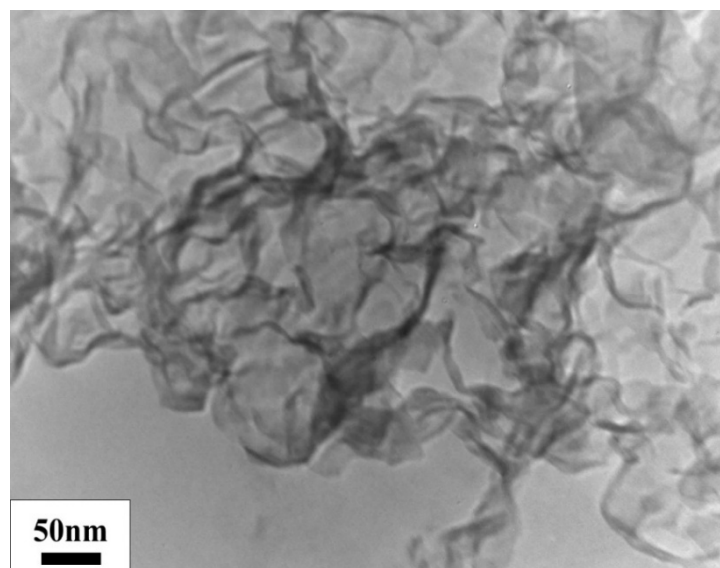
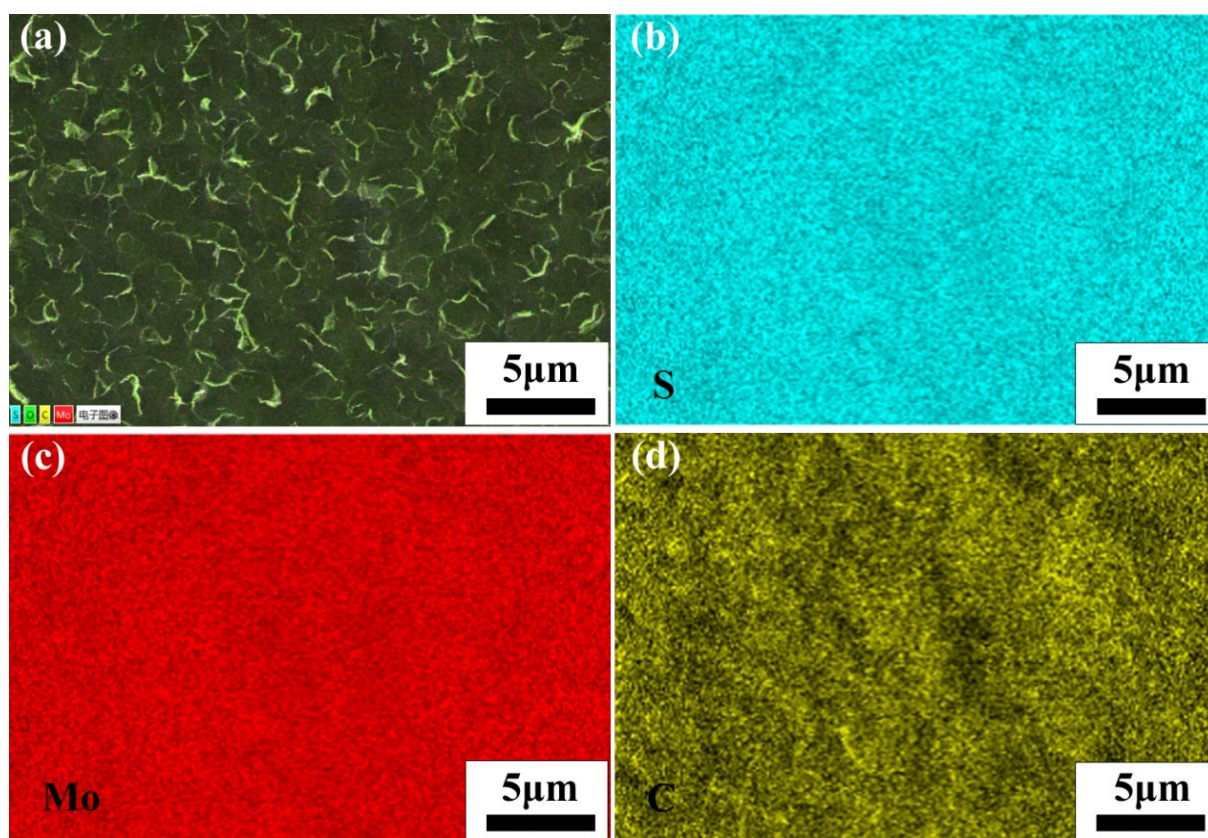


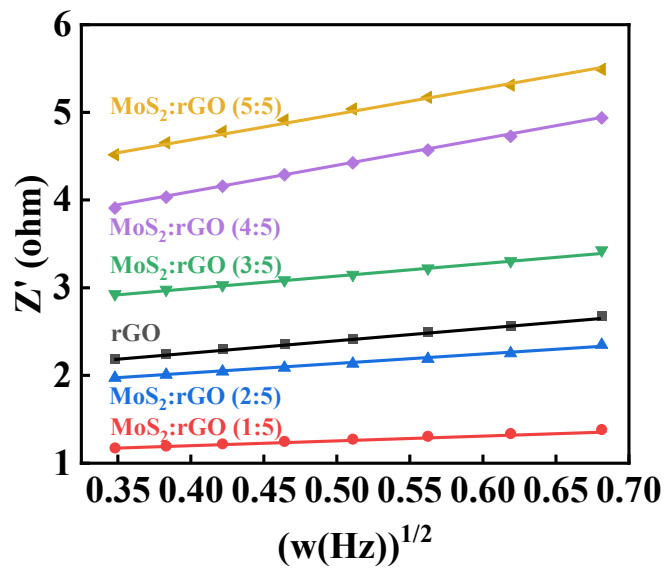
Figure S2. Optical image of the self-standing GO/MoS<sub>2</sub> film (left side) and RGO/MoS<sub>2</sub> film (right side), separated from the filter paper after filtration, with scale bar 1 cm.



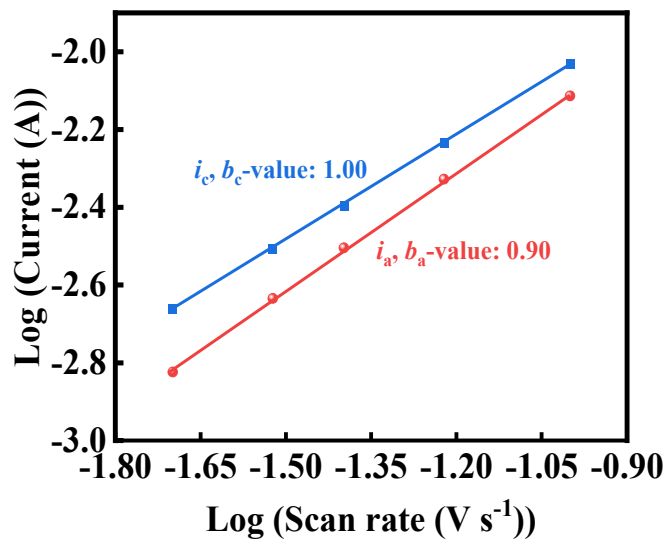
**Figure S3.** TEM image of MoS<sub>2</sub> nanosheets, scale bar 50 nm.



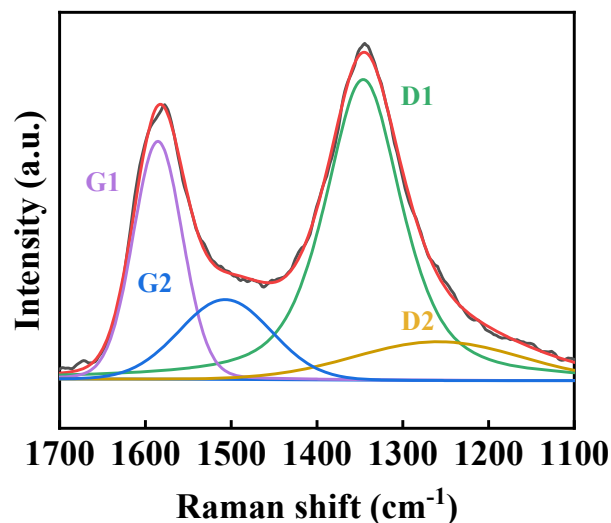
**Figure S4.** (a) SEM image of the rGO/MoS<sub>2</sub> film, scale bar 5 μm. The (b) S, (c) Mo and (d) C distributions of the rGO/MoS<sub>2</sub> film, scale bar 5 μm.



**Fig. S5.** The plots of  $Z'$  vs.  $\omega^{-1/2}$  of rGO/MoS<sub>2</sub> electrodes evaluated in aqueous electrolyte of 3 mol L<sup>-1</sup> KOH.



**Fig. S6.** The plots of current versus scan rate for rGO/MoS<sub>2</sub> electrode evaluated in aqueous electrolyte of 3 mol L<sup>-1</sup> KOH.



**Figure S7.** Ex-situ Raman spectrum of rGO in rGO/MoS<sub>2</sub> film.

### Electrodes with Different Mass Ratios

MoS <sub>2</sub> :rGO Mass Ratio	R <sub>s</sub> (Ω)	R <sub>ct</sub> (Ω)	Inflection Frequency (f <sub>o</sub> , Hz)	Time Constant (τ <sub>o</sub> , s)	Warburg Coefficient (σ <sub>v</sub> )	K <sup>+</sup> Diffusion Coefficient (cm <sup>2</sup> /s)	K <sup>+</sup> Diffusion Path Length (cm)
0:5	0.3824	1.6176	1.22	0.82	Slope-derived	3.15×10 <sup>-15</sup>	1.61×10 <sup>-7</sup>
1:5	0.3368	0.7002	2.14	0.47	Slope-derived	1.67×10 <sup>-14</sup>	2.80×10 <sup>-7</sup>
2:5	0.3711	1.5185	1.00	1.00	Slope-derived	5.32×10 <sup>-15</sup>	2.31×10 <sup>-7</sup>
3:5	0.3819	2.5127	0.69	1.49	Slope-derived	3.01×10 <sup>-15</sup>	2.12×10 <sup>-7</sup>
4:5	0.3120	3.6516	0.55	1.82	Slope-derived	7.00×10 <sup>-16</sup>	1.13×10 <sup>-7</sup>
5:5	0.4555	4.2482	0.46	2.17	Slope-derived	7.84×10 <sup>-16</sup>	1.30×10 <sup>-7</sup>

#### Notes:

- **R<sub>s</sub>**: Equivalent series resistance (similar for all samples).
- **R<sub>ct</sub>**: Charge transfer resistance (lowest at 1:5, highest at 5:5).
- **f<sub>o</sub>/τ<sub>o</sub>**: Reflects charge/discharge kinetics (optimal at 1:5 with smallest τ<sub>o</sub>).
- **Diffusion Coefficients**: Highest for 1:5, indicating superior ion transport.
- **Path Lengths**: Longer paths correlate with better ion accessibility (e.g., 1:5 and 2:5).